

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 12.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 20, 1863.

NO. 72.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
HODGES, HUGHES & CO.,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.
WM. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE
COMMONWEALTH OFFICE
JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.
MONROE & HALL'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STATUTES OF KENTUCKY, 1 vol. Price 5 00
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION, 1 vol. Price 3 00
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HENDERSON, 1 vol. Price 3 00
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LOUGHBOROUGH'S DIGEST OF THE STATUTES, 1 vol. Price 3 00

BLANKS.
BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CONSTABLES' SALE NOTICES, REPLEVIN BONDS, &c.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
SHERIFFS' REPLEVIN BONDS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CIRCUIT CLERK'S EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.
Price—75 cts. per quire.
BLANK DEEDS. Price—\$1 per quires.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work.
In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

LAWYER'S BRIEFS
Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

BLANKS.
Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

PHENIX HOTEL,
(Corner of Main and Mulberry Streets.)
Lexington, Kentucky.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased this old and well known Hotel, in the city of Lexington, and that he has taken charge of the same.

The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; the rooms are newly and neatly furnished; and still further improvements will be made to render it in all respects worthy of public patronage, and an agreeable home to those who may avail themselves of its privileges.
Intending to devote his own time and attention to the business, and to surround himself with competent assistants, together with faithful, polite and attentive servants, he gives the assurance to the public that no efforts on his part shall be wanting to make the old Phoenix in all respects worthy of its reputation in its palmy days.

Professions, however, are too easily and too frequently made to be of much value unless accompanied by corresponding acts, and he, therefore, only asks that the public may test the sincerity of his pledges by giving him a call. They will always find him ready to minister to their comforts in the best manner in his power.

C. T. WORLEY.
Lexington, Jan. 10, 1862—wlm.

Frankfort Commonwealth copy to amount \$5, and charge Lex. Observer and Reporter.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
PERSONS indebted to the estate of T. D. CARNEAL, deceased, are requested to call at the Farmers Bank and pay their notes. Otherwise it will be necessary to put these claims in a train for collection by law.
J. B. TEMPLE,
April 13—wlm. Eds. of T. D. Carneal.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO ever brought to this city. A box of fine cigars makes a handsome Christmas or New Year's gift. Call and get them at [dec21] GRAY & TODD'S.

J. W. FINNELL. V. T. CHAMBERS.
FINNELL & CHAMBERS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth Streets.
COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.
February 22, 1860—tf.

JAMES A. HARPER,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
Main Street between Broadway and Mill Street,
LEXINGTON, KY.

HAVING secured the services of a competent Auctioneer, I am now fully prepared to give prompt attention to all Sales of Stock, Real Estate or Personal Property, either in the city or country.
N. B. Consignments of all kinds solicited.
January 1862.

J. H. KINKEAD,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.
May 6, 1857—tf.

LYSANDER HORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.
Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859—tf.

SPEED & BARRET,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVE associated with them SAMUEL B. SMITH, of the late firm of Bullitt & Smith, in the practice of the law, under the firm of SPEED, BARRET & SMITH, and will attend the Court of Appeals, Federal Court at Louisville, and all the Courts held in Louisville. [Jan. 17, '62—ly]

For Sale.
A Negro Woman, a New Carriage, and Jacks and Jennets.

I WISH to sell at private sale a valuable NEGRO WOMAN, about 38 or 39 years old—sound and healthy; a fine NEW CARRIAGE, which was made in Salem, Ohio, and has never been used; FOUR JACKS, one 4 years old next spring, and the others younger; and FIFTEEN JENNETS, of different ages.
Good bargains will be given.
nov30 wdtwt. L. W. MACBRY.

TAXPAYERS
WILL please take notice that their taxes must be paid. Further indulgence cannot be given. You will please be ready whenever called upon by
R. E. COLLINS, on the south side of the county; H. B. INNIS, on the north side of the county; J. A. CRITTENDEN, for the city of Frankfort; and I will always be found at my office to receive from whomsoever may call.
H. I. TODD, S. F. C.
December 25, 1861—tf.

DENTAL SURGERY,
BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.

HIS operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.
Office at his residence on Main street.
Frankfort, May 27, 1853.

JOHN RODMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.
[Oct. 28, 1853.]

LAW NOTICE.
JAMES B. CLAY. THOS. B. MONROE, JR.
CLAY & MONROE.

WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.
Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe, Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.
April 9, 1860—wlm.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES.
St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,
(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving Loomer Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$35; Hemmer \$5 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommodation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock, A. M., until 9 o'clock, P. M.
M. L. PIERSON.

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & GRISWOLD.)
Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main Street, Louisville, Ky.,

HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.
Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. Wholesale or Retail.
[July 13, 1860—by.]

Telegraph Office Removed.
THE Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All persons having business with the office will please notice this change.
T. C. KYTE,
Agent.

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.
A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all its branches, at his old stand, over Hon. J. Harlan's office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.
CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any patron, and of the very best quality of paper.
BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.
Frankfort, July 2, 1860—tf.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.
THE undersigned having been greatly annoyed by trespassers roving over our farms hunting, cutting timber, pulling down fences, &c., we hereby warn all persons from hunting in future upon our respective lands, unless special permission be given.
J. G. Yates, F. M. Taylor, A. C. Taylor, William Armstrong, U. V. Williams, James Milam, Thompson M. Taylor, [March 31, 1862—2m.]

Notice to Trespassers.
WE, the undersigned, forbid hunting, shooting game, and cutting trees upon our premises. The law will be enforced against all who do so.
Joseph Terry, S. B. Scofield, Thomas Elliott, Joseph Parrent, Jephtha D. Parrent, Wm. T. Reading, Dr. J. B. Hawkins, A. B. Read, Hugh Allen, Talbot Collins, Franklin County, February 1st, 1861. ly

Kentucky River Coal.
I HAVE just received a fresh supply of the BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburgh, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort.
Feb 2 twt. S. BLACK.

To the Artists of Kentucky.
PROPOSITIONS will be received for painting a full length likeness of HENRY CLAY and GEN. ANDREW JACKSON, to be hung up in the Capitol at Frankfort. Terms and cost for painting must be stated. Address
R. B. YOUNG, Frankfort, Ky.
Feb. 22 1862—tf.

Franklin County, Sec.
TAKEN up as a stray by George Huffman, living at the first toll gate on the turnpike road one mile west of Frankfort, and in Franklin County. One small, dark, sorrel horse, supposed to be nine years old. His right hind foot white; shod all round; marked severely with saddle, short and thin mane and forelock; no other brands or marks perceptible. Appraised by the undersigned a Justice of the Peace for said county at twenty five dollars, this 25th day of October, 1862.
GEO. W. GWIN, J. P.
November 5, 1862—lm.

POLK & BUCKLEY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY.

M. POLK and R. H. BUCKLEY having formed a partnership, will practice in the counties of Scott, Fayette, Woodford, Franklin, Bourbon, Harrison, Owen and Grant, and in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort.
Jan. 1862.

DRY GOODS.
WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE STOCK of STAPLE DRY GOODS, purchased before the advance, which we are prepared to sell at very low prices to CASH dealers. We invite the attention of such to our stock. 205 and 210, West Side, Sixth Street, Louisville, Feb. 24, 1862—dkw2m.

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!
J. C. MANDEVILLE
IS now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for
No. 227 Main, above Third Street.
N. B.—Largest Selection of all styles.
September 19, 1860—wlm.

H. SAMUEL,
CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT,
Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved or your Head Shampooed, go to
H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
Feb. 8, 1860.

NOTICE.
VERSAILLES, KY., May 28, 1862.
I HEREBY give notice that I have lost, or it has been destroyed, a Certificate of 20 shares of stock in the Commercial Bank of Kentucky, dated 20th day of Sept., 1859, and numbered 926. I shall make application, two months from the date of this notice, at said Bank in the city of Paducah, for a new Certificate. All persons are called on to show cause why a new Certificate shall not be issued by the Bank in lieu of the one lost or destroyed.
THOS. H. JESSE.
May 30, 1862—2m.

G. W. CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair Street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky. Will practice law in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
[April 7, 1862—tf.]

Artesian Well Water.
A SUPPLY always on hand at
SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
April, 1860.

J. J. BUTLER'S
EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes,
Record, for Ledgers and Records,
Copying, for Letter Press,
Curme, of brilliant hue.
CELEBRATED FOR
1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.)
2d. Easy flow from the Pen.
3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.)
4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION:—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow thick and are not fit only to be thrown away before half consumed.)
The Curme may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities.
1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand.
2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by
J. J. BUTLER, Agent,
No. 39, Vine St. Cincinnati, O.
KEENON & GIBBONS are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of carriage.
April 10, 1861—by.

LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES have now been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the Globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible.
Dyspepsia, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a firm and healthy bile, instead of the stale and acid bile; Flatulency, loss of appetite, Heart-Burn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.
Costiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels clogged with two days.

Fever of all kinds, by restoring the blood to regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.
The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on the important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel.
Also Worms, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.
Scouries, Ulcers, and Inevitable Sores, by the perfect purity which these Life Medicines give to the blood, and all the humors.

Scorbutic Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, scallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.
The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. Common Cold, and Influenza, will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst case.

Piles.—The original proprietor of these Medicines was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.
FEVER AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease; a cure by these Medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints.—General Debility, Loss of Appetite, and Diseases of males.—The Medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description—King's Evil, and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

Mercurial Diseases.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they quickly fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla.
Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT,
335 Broadway, New York.
For sale by all Druggists. oct15, '60—wly.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS
Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns. And with the 7:35 P. M. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight, whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!
Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, or Winchester, in the morning and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS
Leave Lexington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 5:50 A. M. and 2:00 P. M.
Leave Covington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 A. M. and 2:20 P. M.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS
Leave Nicholasville for Lexington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 5:00 A. M. and 12:40 P. M.
Leave Lexington for Nicholasville, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 11:43 A. M. and 6:44 P. M.

Through Tickets can be had at the Kentucky State Office in Danville, Bryansville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cynthiana.
Jan. 1862. G. W. FULTON, Sup't.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Liverpool and London Fire & Life
INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of January, 1862, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION.
The name of the Company is the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located in Liverpool, England.
CAPITAL.
The amount of its Capital Stock, is \$1,000,000 00
The amount of the Capital Stock paid up, is 944,510 00

ASSETS.
1. Cash on hand..... \$52,560 57
2. Cash due the Company on demand..... 57,937 20
3. Real estate unincumbered..... 115,900 00
4. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate worth 50 to 75 per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule accompanying..... 647,200 00
5. Debts due the Company for premiums..... 43,573 15
6. The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to-wit:
1st. Bonds of City of Rochester, N. Y., 6 per cent..... \$11,000
2d. Bonds of City of Buffalo, N. Y., 6 per cent..... 28,000
3d. U. S. Treasury notes, 6 per cent..... 30,000
4th. U. S. Treasury notes, 7 1/2 per cent..... 20,000
Total..... \$99,000 00
7. All other securities..... 29,430 00
Total assets of the Company \$1,034,700 92

LIABILITIES.
1. The amount of Liabilities, due and not due, to Banks and other Creditors—none.
2. Losses adjusted and due—none.
3. Losses adjusted and not due—none.
4. Losses unadjusted and Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof..... \$18,640 00
5. All other claims against the Company—none.
Total..... \$18,640 00

Capital..... \$188,000 0 0
Reserve Fund..... 216,146 11 11
Life Fund..... 707,785 7 3
Life Reserve Fund..... 146,992 2 10
\$1,259,926 2 0

STATE OF NEW YORK,
City and County of New York, } ss.
Henry Grinnell, Deputy Chairman, and Alfred Pell, Recording Secretary, of the Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, being severally sworn and affirmed, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds, or in Mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate, worth fifty per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company; and that they are the above described officers of the said Insurance Company.

HENRY GRINNELL, Deputy Ch'm.
ALFRED PELL, Recording Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to and affirmed to before me, a Commissioner for Kentucky, in and for said county of New York; State of New York, this 18th day of July, A. D. 1862.
[L. S.] DAN. SUXAS,
Com'r for Ky. in N. Y.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY.,
Frankfort, May 20, 1862.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.
In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written.
GRANT GREEN, Auditor.
August 23—wlm2w.

HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
JANUARY 1, 1860.

ASSETS.
Cash on hand and in Bank..... \$38,338 11
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission..... 62,600 89
Cash received on call..... 30,000 00
Bills receivable for loans, amply secured..... 70,223 59
Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value)..... 15,000 00
2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, market value..... 260,352 00
2200 Shares Bank Stock in New York, market value..... 200,225 00
960 Shares Bank Stock in Boston, market value..... 107,565 00
400 Shares Bank Stock in St. Louis, market value..... 40,300 00
240 Shares Bank Stock in Railroad and other Stock, market value..... 16,750 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., market value..... 56,500 00
State Stocks, (Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri,) 6 per cent., market value..... 36,625 00
20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin, market value..... 2,140 00
Total assets..... \$936,709 59
Total liabilities..... 66,930 88

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Warehouses, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this Company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of Policy holders will admit.
J. M. MILLS, Agent,
May 18, '60—tf.
Frankfort, Ky.

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
LEXINGTON, KY.

OFFICE on Short street between Limestone and Upper streets.
May 23, 1859—tf.

STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE

N. Y. Life Insurance Company,
To the 1st of January, 1862, made in conformity with the requirements of the Law of Kentucky.

ASSETS.
Cash on hand and deposited Banks..... \$40,230 23
Real Estate owned by the Company..... 145,519 63
Par Value. Cost Val.
Delaware and Hudson Canal Company Stock..... 22,400 24,858 75
Shoe and Leather Pk S'ks..... 10,000 11,012 50
American Ex. Bank Stock..... 10,000 10,125 00
Metropolitan Bank Stock..... 5,000 5,881 25
Merchants Bank Stock..... 14,000 15,758 75
Bank of America Stock..... 7,000 7,700 00
Bank of the Republic Stock..... 1,500 1,800 00
U. S. Five per cent. Stock of 1874..... 30,000 31,202 50
U. S. Six per cent. Stock of 1881..... 84,000 75,600 00
U. S. Treasury Notes..... 100,000 100,000 00
N. Y. City Central Park L'n..... 25,000 25,233 75
Watertown and Rome Railroad Bonds..... 20,000 18,800 00
Loans on Stocks..... 34,200 00
Bonds and Mortgages..... 644,116 00
Premium Notes on Life policies, bearing interest..... 759,799 33
Balance due the Comp'y from Ag'ts, Premiums due from Southern Policy Holders..... 63,155 14
Quarterly and Semi-annual premiums to mature..... 30,199 20
Interest accrued up to January 1st, 1862..... 38,840 66
Rents accrued up to January 1st, 1862..... 1,703 03
\$2,146,767 03

LIABILITIES.
No Liabilities to Banks.....
Losses due and unpaid—none.....
Losses adjusted and not due..... \$12,500 00
Losses unadjusted and in suspense, awaiting further proof—none.....
Losses resisted, believed to be fraudulent or unjust..... 20,000 00
Accumulated dividend interest..... 11,263 77
Dividend declared due and unpaid, 69,524 94
Dividend declared and not due, 558,510 82
Amount of risks on policies, for the whole term of life..... 15,988,859 00
Amount of risks on policies, for a shorter period..... 431,000 00
Largest amount insured on any one life, \$10,000.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
City and County of New York, } ss.
Morris Franklin, of said city, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, being duly affirmed, and Pliny Freeman, of Ravenswood, Long Island, same State, Attorney of the said Company, being duly sworn, do severally depose and say, and each for himself says, that, according to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, the annexed statement is correct and true. That the assets of the said Company were, at the date of the said statement, Two Millions One Hundred and Forty-six Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty-seven Dollars and Three Cents, and were invested as therein stated and set forth.

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Attorney.

Affirmed and sworn this 19th day of February, 1862, before me.

F. C. DOWMAN, Notary Public
City and County of N. Y.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY.,
Frankfort, July 2, 1862.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1863.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

Monday, Jan. 19, 1863.

The Senate was opened with prayer by the Rev. John N. Norton, of the Episcopal church.

PRIVILEGED MOTION.

Mr. BRUNER moved that the vote rejecting a bill for the benefit of W. R. De-wees be reconsidered, and a committee appointed to ask leave to withdraw said bill from the House: motion adopted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. BRUNER—Circuit Courts.—To allow the judge of the McCracken circuit court to hold said court at any place within the corporate limits of the city of Paducah: passed.

Mr. BUSTER—Agriculture and Manufactures.—A. H. R. bill to prevent the destruction of fish in Salt river and its tributaries, with the expression of opinion that it ought not to pass: passed.

Mr. WORTHINGTON—Internal Improvement.—Asked leave to be discharged from the further consideration of a leave to bring in a bill to build a bridge across Clarke's river, in McCracken county, and make it a toll-bridge: committee discharged.

Mr. FIELD moved to reconsider the vote discharging the committee: adopted, and leave referred back to the committee.

Mr. MARSHALL—Judiciary.—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of John Shawhan, late sheriff of Harrison county, and his executors: passed.

Same.—For the benefit of M. M. Lyon, late sheriff of Lyon county: passed.

Mr. WORTHINGTON—Religion.—A. H. R. resolution to purchase Holy Bibles for the use of the General Assembly: adopted.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message was received from the Governor by Mr. Wickliffe, Secretary of State, announcing that he had approved and signed sundry enrolled bills originating in the Senate.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. GROVER offered a preamble and resolutions, and said he offered them after consultation and advice with various members of the General Assembly, whose opinions they embodied as well as his own, upon the momentous issues involved. He moved that they be printed and referred to the committee on Federal Relations: which motion was adopted. [The resolutions are very lengthy, but will be published hereafter.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A Senate bill to extend the civil jurisdiction of the Hickman city court, and for other purposes: passed H. R. with an amendment: amendment concurred in.

MAJOR GENERAL NELSON.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. DENNY and T. F. MARSHALL upon the committee to attend to the burial of the late Major General Nelson.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received by Mr. SAMUELS, Clerk, announcing the concurrence of the House in several Senate bills, and the passage of several bills, which originated in that House, in which bills they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz: Mr. MILLER—To incorporate Home Lodge No. 29, I. O. O. F., of Louisville.

Mr. McHENRY—For the benefit of Rough Creek Navigation and Manufacturing Company.

Same.—To incorporate the German-American School Association at Owensboro.

H. R. BILLS.

Several H. R. bills on the clerk's table were taken up, and referred to appropriate committees.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

A message was received from the H. R., announcing that they had passed resolutions in relation to the death of Judge Wm. H. Edmunds, in which resolutions they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

[For resolutions see House proceedings.] The resolutions were unanimously adopted. And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Jan. 19, 1863.

Prayer by the Rev. Jas. M. Lancaster, of the Catholic church. The journal of Saturday was read by the clerk.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. BURNAM presented a communication from J. A. Jacobs, President of the Dent and Dumb Asylum, at Danville, in relation to the inter-marriage of first cousins, and praying the passage of a law preventing the same, which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. RANKIN—Judiciary.—For the benefit of the Paris and Clintonville turnpike road company: passed.

Mr. THOMAS—Judiciary.—To amend the jury laws of this Commonwealth. [No indictment heretofore found or verdict rendered to be invalid on account of the jury not having taken the oath prescribed in an act, entitled, an act to amend the jury laws, approved August 22, 1862:] passed.

Mr. CLEVELAND—County Courts.—To legalize the proceedings of the county judge of Hickman at the called term in December, 1862: passed.

Same.—For the benefit of the towns of Franklin, in Simpson county, and Scottsville, in Allen county: passed.

Mr. HUSTON—Revised Statutes.—To amend the 19th section of article 1st, of the 27th chapter of the Revised Statutes: passed.

Same.—For the benefit of the constable of the Blandville district, in Ballard county. [Allow to appoint a deputy, the constable and his deputies to be responsible for the official acts of said deputy:] passed.

Mr. BARNES—select committee.—To restore the charter rights of the town of Sharpsburg in Bath county: passed.

Mr. BURNAM—To extend the March term of the Madison circuit court: passed.

Mr. WARD—Ways and Means.—For the benefit of E. M. Frank, late surveyor of Muhlenburg county: passed.

Leave was given to bring in the following

bills, which were appropriately referred, viz:

Mr. CLEVELAND.—To amend the charter of the town of Foster, in Bracken county.

Mr. PROCTOR.—To regulate the terms of the Edmonson quarterly courts, and to define the duties and powers of the jailer of said county.

Mr. NEEL.—For the benefit of the late clerks of the Graves circuit and county courts.

Mr. IRELAND.—For the benefit of the trustees of Vanceburg, in Lewis county.

Same.—For the benefit of T. S. Brown, of Johnson county.

Same.—To regulate the sale of ardent spirits in Greensburg.

Mr. PINNELL.—To authorize the appointment of agents to receive from volunteers, in the service of the United States, assignments of pay for their families or friends.

Same.—To authorize the appointment of agents to guard the interests of discharged soldiers, and to enable them to collect their arrearages of pay.

Mr. BURNAM.—For the benefit of Isaac N. Hill, late sheriff of Madison county.

Same.—Changing the time of holding the Madison quarterly courts.

Mr. SMITH.—To incorporate Fox Lodge, No. 386, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. VAN WINKLE.—To authorize the coroner of Wayne county to appoint a deputy.

Same.—To authorize the county officers of Clinton county to qualify.

Mr. BUSH.—To repeal an act, entitled, an act to amend section 9, chapter 47, Revised Statutes, title "Husband and Wife," approved August 31, 1862.

Mr. COCHRAN, WARD, ALLEN and TURNER had indefinite leave of absence.

Mr. J. W. ANDERSON laid before the House a communication from the Auditor, showing the financial condition of the State, which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

HOUSE BILL AMENDED IN SENATE.

An act to amend article 2, chapter 83, of the Revised Statutes, title "Revenue and Taxation," amended in the Senate, and amendment concurred in. [Governor may remit damages on all judgments heretofore rendered against defaulting sheriffs, clerks, &c., upon the payment of the principal, interests and costs to the Auditor: the bill to be in force for one year.]

Mr. JOHNS offered the following resolutions, which were ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on Federal Relations, viz:

Whereas, from the many resolutions presented by individual members of this General Assembly, condemning the policy of the President of the United States, it might appear to the uninformed that we had forgotten the wrongs inflicted on us by Jefferson and his minions. Therefore,

Resolved, That the attempt at revolution is without a parallel in history, and without cause, save the aspirations of demagogues for emolument and power.

Resolved, That this act is clearly and unquestionably unconstitutional.

Resolved, That Jeff. Davis be expostulated with; perhaps he might desist from further encroachments upon that sacred domain.

Resolved, That the writ of habeas corpus has, in many instances, been rendered inoperative and void, in this great and sovereign State, by Jeff. Davis; non-combatant citizens have been arrested in the midst of their peaceful avocations, and transported to a Southern Bastille, without authority, and in disregard of constitutional law, without trial, and their friends without even a knowledge of the loathsome prison in which they are incarcerated.

Resolved, That the writ of habeas corpus, that ancient and cherished charter of liberty, that boon of freedom retained by us from the institutions of our venerable mother, should be better observed by Jeff. Davis, and he should be gently chided on that subject.

Resolved, That Jeff. Davis has not proclaimed the freedom of slaves, but he has attempted the slavery of freemen, which makes him about even on that score.

Resolved, That Jeff. Davis has authorized guerrilla parties, who have traversed our State, robbed our people murdered them if they did not choose to be robbed, and burned their dwellings for resisting the cowardly wretches only attacking unarmed citizens, avoiding, if possible, every point where resistance was likely to be made. By their robbing and burning they have reduced to penury many of our most loyal and respected citizens.

Resolved, That we look upon this as a culpable action on the part of the Executive of the Southern Confederacy, and deplore the misery it has entailed upon many families of this Commonwealth.

Mr. J. W. ANDERSON offered the following resolution, which was referred to the committee of Ways and Means, viz:

Whereas, the Governor in his message to this General Assembly used the following language: "In this connection, I desire to call your attention and invoke your earnest consideration to the condition of some portions of the Commonwealth, by reason of the depredations and desolations perpetrated by those predatory bands. By repeated invasions the people of the counties lying contiguous to the States of Virginia and Tennessee, have been almost entirely stripped of the necessities of life; and suffering in that region, to an extent hitherto unparalleled in the history of the Commonwealth, now exists. When the call for volunteers to defend the Government against the traitors who had banded together for its destruction was made, the people of those counties responded with an alacrity, courage and patriotism worthy of the free sons of the mountains; which has ever been conspicuous for gallantry and patriotic devotion. They are still in the service of the country, and upon distant fields of military operations are perilling their lives in defense of that Union, which they have always been taught to revere, and of that Government, which under the glorious Constitution of our fathers, has secured to its citizens a greater amount of happiness and prosperity than was ever vouchsafed to any other people. While they are thus engaged, I submit to you whether it is not the part alike of humanity and of duty to make such provisions for their suffering and helpless families as will remove them beyond the reach of want and starvation. I do not hesitate to commend this subject to your earnest attention, with an assured confidence that you will so dispose of it as to relieve the distresses of a desolated but patriotic and meritorious people."

Resolved, That patriotism and justice require that the wants of the "suffering and helpless families" of those who are fighting the battles of our country should be supplied, and that Kentucky, ever mindful of her brave and chivalrous sons, will in no event let their families suffer, and for that purpose the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any unappropriated money in the treasury for the purpose of supplying the actual wants of the families of Union soldiers, and the committee on Ways and Means is respectfully requested to report a bill to that effect.

Mr. BUSH offered a series of resolutions upon Federal affairs, which were ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on Federal Relations. [We will publish them hereafter.]

Mr. BURNAM addressed the House as follows:

Mr. Speaker and fellow members of the House of Representatives of Kentucky: It becomes

my painful, yet solemn duty, to announce to this honorable body the death of the Hon. Wm. H. EDMUNDS, who was, at the time of his death, a member of this House from the county of Caldwell. He was shot by a guerrilla, from the bank of the Ohio river, near the town of Caseyville, whilst on board the steamboat Nashville, on his way to Evansville to procure the necessities of life for his family.

Mr. Edmunds was a native of North Carolina. He graduated at Chapel Hill Literary University with some degree of honor, and afterwards studied law, and became a shining light to the profession. He moved to Princeton, Ky., about the year 1848, where he lived, up to the time of his unfortunate death, a peaceable, quiet, law abiding, and a much honored citizen. He was an able lawyer, a fine *belles lettres* scholar; exceedingly sociable and pleasant in his natural disposition; a devoted husband, an affectionate and indulgent father; a good and merciful master, and a consistent and dignified christian gentleman, possessing all the qualities necessary to make him a good and worthy man. In the loss of the deceased this body has been deprived of the services of one of its most talented members, the bar at Princeton one of its best, most profound, and able lawyers, the social circle one of its brightest ornaments, his constituents a faithful servant and an able representative, the State of Kentucky one of her best citizens, the church one of its most devoted members, law and order one of its strongest advocates, and his bereaved companion and little orphans and friends something that time can never replace. How forcibly are we reminded, brother members, of the truthfulness of that passage of the Bible which says, "in the midst of life we are in death."

Let us implore the mercy of God upon his wife and children, and ask him to be a husband unto the widow, and a father unto the orphans, and hope that their loss may be his eternal gain.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I beg leave to offer the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

1. That the members thereof have heard with profound sorrow and regret of the death of Wm. H. Edmunds, a member of the House of Representatives from the county of Caldwell, which occurred on board of the steamboat Nashville, during the last autumn, near Caseyville, on the Ohio river, from the shot of a guerrilla.

2. That the General Assembly bears its testimony to the fidelity of Mr. Edmunds as a legislator, and to his worth and the propriety of his conduct as a citizen and a man.

3. That the members of this General Assembly, tender to his bereaved wife and family the expression of our sincerest sympathy and condolence.

4. That we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and that the two Houses be draped in mourning; and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded by the clerk of the House of Representatives, to the wife and family of the deceased.

5. That in respect to the memory of the deceased we do now adjourn.

Mr. UNDERWOOD, in substance, said that he rose to second the motion made by the mover of the resolutions, and hoped the House would indulge him in a very few remarks. It was not his pleasure to know Judge Edmunds until meeting with him as a member on this floor. On being introduced, and boarding at the same hotel, he soon found that Judge Edmunds possessed such an intellect and heart as to make him an agreeable companion. I cultivated an acquaintance with him, we exchanged visits, we conversed on political, literary, and religious subjects. I found him to be a fine scholar, well informed upon the political topics of the times, with a heart overflowing with benevolence and pure religious sentiment. Our intercourse ripened into mutual respect, and when we parted last it was as sincere friends. And yet we entertained very different opinions in regard to some of the most important political questions of the day. For example, he thought that a State had a right, under the Constitution, to secede and dissolve her connection with the Federal Government peacefully; and that there was no rightful power to coerce the citizens of a State into obedience to the Constitution and laws of the national Government after the State had adopted an ordinance of secession. Some of this body, no doubt, recollect a discussion between Judge Edmunds and myself upon this subject, on this floor, in which he and I sustained our different opinions as best we could, and yet in that discussion there was not an angry word or the smallest reproach uttered on either side. I believed him to be sincere and honest. I made allowances for the Southern school of politics in which he had been educated. I had for and towards him charity. I have seen so much of the discordant views, feelings, and thoughts which exist among men in regard to the same matter that I felt it would be wrong in me to reproach him for his opinions, and wrong in him to reproach me for mine. We cannot control our thoughts, nor the convictions to which they lead. We are the creatures of education and circumstances. We differ about religion, law, politics, every thing, and we ought to have charity and toleration towards each other. Radically as Judge Edmunds and myself differed in relation to the question of secession, I am happy to say that one of his principles, and upon which he acted, I most heartily approve. He believed that so long as Kentucky remained in the Union, and as one of the United States, it was his duty as a citizen to obey the laws of both the Federal and State Governments, and no citizen more faithfully discharged these duties.

The lamentable manner of his death is characteristic of the times. He fell a victim to guerrilla violence.

Not knowing so much of the character of Judge Edmunds at home, with his family and among his neighbors, I inquired of the representative of Ballard, (Mr. Mercer,) I will read you what he put in writing at my request, and then resume my seat:

"I have known (says Mr. Mercer) the deceased for more than twenty years. In all his private relations his character was unexceptionable. He was a devoted husband, an affectionate father, a kind master, a generous friend, an exemplary christian. He was a man of liberal charity, ever ready to relieve the needy, and his death is a great loss to the community in which he lived."

Every word of this short and beautiful eulogium of my friend from Ballard I sincerely believe.

Mr. BELL said: Mr. Speaker—I rise for the purpose of adding my personal tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased member from Caldwell.

Whilst my acquaintance with Judge Edmunds was comparatively limited and of short duration, it was yet of a very agreeable character, and I now bear his willing and cheerful testimony to his many virtues and excellencies, which were made apparent in all of our intercourse.

All of his associates here will admit his fidelity as a member of this House. Early and late he was vigilantly at his place; up

on all questions he was ready to take his part—to vote and to act.

Though we might differ with him on questions of importance, as they arose, we were bound to accord to him honesty, frankness and boldness, in the expression of his opinions.

He was a lawyer, and evidently well read in the books, and familiar with the practice of the law.

Of his professional career I regret I know so little; yet, in deducing conclusions from his habit of thought, and his manner of expression, we are bound to conclude he was well fitted for the pursuit of that noble profession, which he had chosen. His mind was discriminating; his expressions clear and emphatic. In personal intercourse he was genial and kind; in sentiment he was impulsive and generous. He seemed to, as I have no doubt he did, possess that magic power of distributing over the social and domestic circles, an influence which endears its possessor to his friends, and makes him the idol of the inmates of the home.

We will miss him much. There is a narrower circle of friends who will miss him more. There is a narrower circle still, gathered around the hearth stone of the once happy home; they will miss him more; their loss is irreparable.

To that narrowest and saddest circle, peform of a heart-stricken widow and mourning orphans, we send these resolutions as the tribute of our regard for the deceased, and of our sincere sympathy and condolence for them in their bereavement, and earnestly hope that this may contribute in some degree to alleviate that grief and heal that wound, which can only be alleviated and healed by higher than human agency.

The manner of the death of Judge Edmunds necessarily impresses us with grief, and evokes our sympathies. The man who, amid the crash and carnage of the battle, falls vindicating a great cause—one which he deems great—is counted a hero in the strife; his valor and his prowess are appreciated by his friends, family, and children, as legacies more to be prized than fine gold and precious treasures. His end is not regarded as untimely, but he who suddenly falls, without notice, by the shot from an unseen and unknown assassin, as our friend fell, meets an untimely end. The mourners "who go about the streets" sorrowing for his death find only the consolation which is derived from the recollection that the departed has ended a well-spent life.

We have the consolation to feel and believe that the deceased had well performed his part in this life, and will receive his reward in the future.

I hope the resolutions will pass without a dissenting voice.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Executive, Military, Judicial and Legislative Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our readers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky:

Executive Department.

GOVERNOR.

James F. Robinson, Frankfort.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

D. C. Wickliffe, Secretary of State, Frankfort.

Grant Green, Auditor, Frankfort.

C. Bailey, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.

James M. Withrow, Clerk, Frankfort.

Uberto Keenon, Clerk, Frankfort.

Isaac Wingate, Jr., Clerk, Frankfort.

B. F. Johnson, Clerk, Frankfort.

Thos. J. Harris, Clerk, Frankfort.

F. H. Overton, Clerk, Frankfort.

John L. Sneed, Clerk, Frankfort.

TREASURER'S OFFICE.

James H. Gattard, Treasurer, Frankfort.

Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

LAND OFFICE.

Thos. J. Frazier, Register, Frankfort.

Richard Sharpe, Clerk, Frankfort.

John J. Roberts, Clerk, Frankfort.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Robert Richardson, Covington.

BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

Philip Swigert, Frankfort.

John M. Todd, Frankfort.

William Brown, Jr., Bowlinggreen.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Andrew J. James, Frankfort.

PUBLIC PRINTER.

Wm. E. Hughes, Frankfort.

PUBLIC BINDER.

Adam C. Keenon, Frankfort.

LIBRARIAN.

Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort.

Military Department.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

John W. Finnell, Adjutant General, Frankfort.

Robt. A. Athey, Asst. Adj. Gen., Frankfort.

Eos. S. Page, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.

Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort.

Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort.

John N. Markham, Clerk, Frankfort.

Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

James I. Robinson, Jr., Quartermaster General, Frankfort.

Ed. S. Theobald, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.

Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal, Frankfort.

Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Alvin Duvall, Chief Justice, Georgetown.

Joshua F. Bullitt, Judge, Louisville.

Belvid J. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.

Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Paducah.

James P. Metcalfe, Reporter, Frankfort.

Leslie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort.

R. R. Zolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort.

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS.

1st Dist.—G. S. Marshall, Bandville.

2d Dist.—P. T. Perce, Hopkinsville.

3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.

4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen.

5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardonia.

6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville.

7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.

8th Dist.—Geo. C. Crane, New Castle.

9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.

10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.

11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Sterling.

12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.

13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Richmond.

14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1863.

The Governor's mansion will be open this evening, for the reception of visitors, from 8 to 12 o'clock.

The seceded States are not members of the Union. So said Stevens, of Penn., on the floor of Congress, a few days ago. He is one of the Abolition leaders, and is only one step in advance of his party. Some of them felt startled at the announcement of Stevens, but they will become familiar with what they have affirmed in nearly all their acts. Their conduct toward the seceded States can only be justified, if the latter are out of the protection of the Constitution. If that be so, they owe it no obedience, and secession is no crime, and this war is, on our part, a war of conquest, not justified by the Constitution. We have no right to enforce the laws of the United States upon a people not in the Union. We had as well undertake to impose the laws of the United States upon Mexico.

To this end the abolitionists are tending. Stevens is only a little ahead. He is the shadow that shows coming events. The abolitionists have played their last card in attempting to arm and emancipate negroes. This will fail, fail more signally than any of their schemes. Then they will all conclude, as Stevens has done, that the States are out of the Union. If they can't abolish slavery and form an alliance with the negro, they will abandon the Union, for they don't deserve such a Union as it would be.

Jesse D. Bright was left out in the cold by the Indiana Legislature. It is marvelous that any one should be green enough to expect that a Democratic Legislature would honor the aforesaid Jesse with another election to the Senate. They recollect how he deserted the Democratic party and went off with the disunionists in 1860; how he fought the Democratic party with all his craft and energy, and he is not wanting in those qualities; how he caucused with the Republicans to defeat the party that had honored him. After that he comes to them for help in the hour of trouble. Alas! he was the victim of ingratitude in the United States Senate. After he had aided them to the best of his ability to elect a President, they called him a traitor, proved it almost, and expelled him from that body. That was an ill requital for important services, and he falls back on the friends he had injured to protect him from the friends he had labored to serve. They passed his claims by without notice, and he will live and die without redress. He didn't get a place he had long filled, and never was fit for. He can console himself that he had only gone a little before a nest of political "rips," whose places that know them now will soon know them no more forever.

We return our thanks to Hon. Geo. H. YEAMAN, member of Congress from the 2d district, for a copy of his last speech. It attracted the attention of the house in which it was delivered, and it will be read with attention throughout this State. It is indeed an able discussion of the President's proclamation and kindred topics, and does honor to its author.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Sam'l. Gill, Esq., Superintendent of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad, in our paper of today. It will be seen that we will have two trains a day from this place to Lexington, in future.

We learn that Messrs. W. N. Halde-man and W. G. Overton, formerly of the Louisville Courier, were at Murfreesboro a short time previous to the battles there, and that they propose to establish a daily paper in Richmond, Va.

A New Orleans correspondent says: "A most remarkable affair occurred recently in the former headquarters of Maj. Gen. Butler. Capt. J. C. McClure, of General Banks' staff, who had occasion to enter the office, found a rose lying upon one of the desks, and, taking it up to smell its fragrance, he no sooner applied the rose to his nose than he fainted. It is supposed the rose contained a poisonous powder, which caused the insensibility. The flower has been secured, and will be analyzed by a skillful chemist."

REBEL PRISONERS.—The steamers Mattie Cook and Hattie Gilmore arrived at Evansville on Monday from Bowling Green with their decks crowded with rebel prisoners, who were captured at Murfreesboro. The Journal says about 1,000 were to be brought down Green river, but the third boat had not arrived. Among the prisoners were a good many officers, who were given the freedom of the city, and manifested little hesitation in airing their plantation manners, much to the delight of some of their sympathizing friends. The rebels generally were stout looking men, and were warmly clothed. Their shoes were very good—fully equal, perhaps, to those of the Union troops. They seemed, also, to be in fine spirits and bandied words with citizens in a manner that evinced the utmost indifference to their surroundings.

A TRACT DISTRIBUTOR WANTED.—The President is anxious to engage the services of active and enterprising young men, to distribute copies of his Emancipation Proclamation throughout the cotton States. Good wages will be given, but no responsibility incurred on account of accidents.

Mr. Martin's Resolutions.

The following resolutions were introduced into the House of Representatives, on Saturday last, by Jonas Martin, Esq., and should have been published in the legislative proceedings of that day, but owing to a press of other matter we were compelled to omit them. The resolutions were referred to the committee on Federal Relations, viz:

Whereas, His Excellency, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States of America, has recommended to the border slave States, in his annual message to Congress, a system of gradual compensated emancipation; and whereas, said President Lincoln did issue a proclamation on the 1st day of January, 1863, in which he ordered that all persons held as slaves shall be henceforward free within the designated States of Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, and parts of Louisiana and Virginia—therefore, be it

1. Resolved, That we very respectfully decline accepting his recommendation of gradual compensated emancipation from the fact that we regard it as contrary to an acknowledged principle of right, and were to accept it under the present circumstances, we would be acting in bad faith to our constituents, and absolutely unworthy to represent the people of the glorious old Commonwealth of Kentucky.

2. That Kentucky clings to the Union and the Constitution with a child's devotion to a parent, and she does not intend to be driven from it, but she does not endorse the extreme doctrine of abolitionism as advocated by the abolitionists of the North; neither can she endorse the extreme doctrine of secession as advocated by the disunionists of the South; but she stands up amidst the clash of arms and occupies a conservative, wise, constitutional, and national position.

3. That the Union was formed with slavery in it, and that it is guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States, and it is a part and parcel of the Constitution, and it cannot be destroyed without destroying the Union and trampling under foot the Constitution with all its guarantees.

4. That slavery is a sacred and divine institution, and that it was enacted by the Commonwealth of Israel in the year of our Lord one thousand four hundred and ninety-two years before the coming of Christ, and that it was absolutely tolerated by our Saviour during His pilgrimage on earth.

5. That we, the representatives of the great, good, and the conservative people of Kentucky, enter our solemn protest against the abolition proclamation of the President. We pronounce it unwise, impolitic, unjust, despotic, unconstitutional, null and void.

6. That it is at enmity with article 5th of the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which distinctly says no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on the presentment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject, for the same offense, to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall he be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

7. That it is also at enmity with article 6th of the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which emphatically says in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation, to be confronted with the witnesses against him, to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

8. That it is at enmity with a law enacted by the great 1st AM, as shown in the 25th chapter, 44th, 45th and 46th verses of Leviticus, which is as follows: "Both thy bondmen and bond-maids, which thou shalt have, shall be of the heathen that are round about you; of them shall ye buy bondmen and bond-maids. Moreover, of the children of the strangers that do sojourn among you, of them shall ye buy, and of their families that are with you, which they begot in your land; and they shall be your possession. And ye shall take them as an inheritance for your children after you, to inherit them for a possession; they shall be your bond-men forever; but over your brethren, the children of Israel, ye shall not rule one over another with rigor."

9. That we protest against the arrest and imprisonment of our citizens without any charge being preferred against them whatever.

10. That all such arrests are unauthorized by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Kentucky, and are usurpations of power delegated by the people to the President; and all such arrests are hereby condemned and declared palpable violations of the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Kentucky, and it is hereby demanded that such arrests shall cease hereafter, and that all persons so arrested shall have a prompt and speedy trial according to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Kentucky, or be immediately released.

11. That we respectfully approve of the resolutions introduced in the United States Senate by our distinguished Senator, the Hon. Garrett Davis, calling a National Convention, to assemble at the city of Louisville in the month of April, to try and bring about a reconciliation of the unfortunate troubles that now exist in our once happy country.

12. That we are in favor of peace, with due respect to all sections of the country, and we recommend an armistice of at least six months' duration, in order that the disturbing questions of the day may revert back to the people at the ballot-box, where all questions of national character should and ought to be settled.

COURT OF APPEALS.

FRANKFORT, January 19th, 1863.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Fulkerson vs. Howe et al, Lawrence; reversed.

ORDERS.

Davis vs. Jones, Spencer; petition for rehearing overruled.

Stockton vs. Stockton et al, Fleming; cross appeal granted.

Barley et al vs. Glover & Co., Scott; death of A. B. Barkley suggested.

Williams vs. Farris et al, Calloway; submitted on briefs.

Obitt vs. Gano et al, Scott, continued.

James et al vs. Vance et al, Boyle; argument concluded for appellants by Johnson, and cause submitted.

LEGISLATIVE DIRECTORY.

SENATORS.

J. F. Fisk, (Speaker).....No. 50, Capital Hotel.
Wm. Anthony.....No. 84, Capital Hotel.
R. T. Baker.....No. 84, Capital Hotel.
Jno. B. Baker.....No. 84, Capital Hotel.
Asa Bryant.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Jas. H. G. Bush.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
M. P. Buser.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Harrison Cockrill.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Alex. L. Davidson.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Samuel E. Deffenbacher.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Geo. Denny.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Thos. A. Duke.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Richard H. Field.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Willis W. Gardner.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Thos. T. Garrard.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Wm. C. Gillis.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
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Wm. L. Graves.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
William C. Grier.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Jas. P. Grover.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
John L. Harkins.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Samuel H. Jenkins.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
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Thos. P. Marshall.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Nathan McClure.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Jas. P. Miller.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Isaac P. Miller.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
John A. Prall.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
William B. Read.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Albert G. Rheas.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Ben. Spalding.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Jas. C. Spalding.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Claiborne J. Walton.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Walter C. Whitaker.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Charles T. Worthington.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
George Wright.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
J. H. Johnson, Clerk, No. 54, Capital Hotel.
J. R. Hawkins, Assistant Clerk, No. 54, Capital Hotel.
J. W. Pruett, Sergeant-at-Arms, at Home.
J. D. Pollard, Doorkeeper, at Home.
Jos. B. Lewis, Clerk Committee on Enrollments, at his father's.
A. Hensley, Reporter for the Yeoman, at his mother's.
G. W. Lewis, Reporter for the Commonwealth, at home.
J. W. Pruett, Bage, at his father's.
Sanford W. Goins, Page, at his father's.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Speaker, (Buckner).....No. 15, Capital Hotel.
Alfred Allen.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jas. W. Anderson.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
R. C. Anderson.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
E. B. Bacheller.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jonathan R. Bailey.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joshua Barnes.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Elisha Beazly.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John C. Beaman.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joshua F. Bell.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John W. Bine.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. P. Boone.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. P. Boone.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. S. Botts.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. Bowling.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. A. Brantley.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Leroy Brinkley.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
R. J. Browne.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Thos. S. Brown.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Curtis F. Burnam.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
W. P. D. Burt.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
James Calvert.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Cyrus Campbell.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
J. W. Campbell.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
A. B. Chambers.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joseph H. Chandler.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
J. R. Chandler.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Francis L. Cleveland.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John B. Cochran.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Robert Cochran.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. L. Conklin.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John C. Cooper.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Albert G. Curtis.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Lucius Desha.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Daniel E. Downing.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John Driffin.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John W. Finnell.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Elijah Gardner.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joseph Gardner.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Evan M. Garriott.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Remus Gibson.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Henry Griffith.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Geo. M. Hampton.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John H. Harlan.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jacob Hawthorne.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. J. Heady.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joseph W. Heeter.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John H. Henry.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John Humphries.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John B. Huston.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. C. Ireland.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Richard T. Jacob.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Daniel W. Johns.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. Johnson.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
James M. Jones.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John B. Keeney.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Perry S. Layton.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jas. M. C. Lisenby.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Alex. Lusk.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jonas Martin.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
P. L. Maxey.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John S. McFarland.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
David P. Mears.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. Mercer.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Otho Miller.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Thos. Z. Morrow.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Felix G. Murphy.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Richard Neal.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Thos. W. Owing.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Geo. Poindexter.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Hiram S. Powell.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Larkin J. Proctor.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. S. Rankin.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Neh. S. Raper.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John Ray.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jos. Ricketts.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
F. D. Rigney.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. Roberts.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jas. A. Rousseau.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
J. C. Sayre.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
J. S. Shanklin.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
M. Smith.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Robt. Spalding.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jas. P. Sparks.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Harrison Taylor.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Joshua Tavis.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John R. Thomas.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Thos. Turner.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Jos. R. Underwood.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Wm. H. Van Pelt.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
John S. Van Winkle.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Zeb. Ward.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
W. W. Warring.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Alex. T. White.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Nathaniel Wolfe.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Bryan R. Young.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
Milton Young.....No. 20, Capital Hotel.
T. W. Samuels, Clerk, No. 4, Capital Hotel.
Jas. B. Lyne, Assistant Clerk, Mrs. Welch's.
John L. Smalley, Sergeant-at-Arms, Dr. Price's.
John A. Crittenden, Doorkeeper, at Home.
W. O. Bradley, Page, Geo. W. Lewis's.
J. F. Lewis, Page, at his father's.
L. W. McKee, Page, Mrs. Wingate's.
Frank Gray, Page, at his father's.

Mr. Yancey, who is now a Senator from Alabama, in the rebel Legislature of Alabama. Among other things, he said: "There is, in my opinion, as much hope in the Northern Abolitionists as in the Northern Democracy. If Lincoln were to withdraw his Proclamation of Emancipation to-morrow, and proclaim that he would uphold slavery as he finds it in the States, the Northern Democracy would rally around his standard, and war upon us to enforce a Union upon those terms—while the Abolition Congress would at once, in my opinion, put a stop to the war and make peace."

Mr. Yancey is sagacious to the last. He appreciates justly the distinctive temper of the Conservatives and of the radicals in the North. But he is not quite accurate in expression. He should have expressed his general opinion thus: "There is, in my opinion, much hope in the Northern Abolitionists, but none in the Northern Democracy." Then we should have experienced the unwelcome sensation of agreeing with him.

[Lou. Jour., 15th.]

The rebels have no shoes, but a good many brushes.

Frankfort Church Directory.

Presbyterian.—Rev. JOHN S. HAYS, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 o'clock P. M. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock P. M. Prayer Meeting on Friday at 7 o'clock P. M.

Methodist Episcopal.—Rev. DANIEL STEVENSON, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 o'clock P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M. Prayer Meeting on Thursday at 7 o'clock P. M.

Baptist.—Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 o'clock P. M.

Episcopal.—Rev. JOHN N. NORTON, Rector. Divine service every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 3 1/2 o'clock P. M. Sabbath School at 9 1/2 o'clock A. M. Divine service on Friday at 7 o'clock P. M.

Christian.—Elder W. T. MOORE, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 o'clock P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7 o'clock P. M.

Catholic.—Rev. JAMES M. LANCASTER, Priest. Preaching every Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock P. M.

The seats in all the churches are free. Citizens and strangers are alike invited to attend their services.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.
CAPITAL LODGE, No. 6, I. O. O. F., meets every Monday night, at 7 o'clock, at their Hall, on Broadway. All brothers in good standing are invited to visit us.

By order of the lodge.
P. U. MAJOR, N. G.
S. BLACK, V. G.
Relief Committee.

J. D. POLLARD, Sec.

PILGRIM ENCAMPMENT, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the above named hall on the 1st and 3d Monday night of each month. All patriars in good standing are invited to visit us.

By order of the camp.
S. BLACK, C. P.
W. H. AVERILL, S. W.
Relief Committee.

J. D. POLLARD, Sec.

Nov. 12, 1862-1f.

NOTICE!
ALL those indebted to the firm of T. S. & J. R. PAGE, either by note or account, are hereby notified to come forward and settle the same immediately, otherwise they will be proceeded against according to law.

J. C. PAGE is authorized to receive and receipt for all claims due to us.

In future all sales will be made for CASH.

T. S. & J. R. PAGE.
January 2, 1863-1m.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, Jan. 17th, 1863.

Appointments by the Governor:
Commissions issued January 17, 1863.

Major Alfred Smith, (original issue) 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, same dated January 12, 1863, and to take effect from August 21, 1862, being in service from that date.

Capt. Jackson H. Jacobs, (original issue) dated January 9, 1863, 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

1st Lieut. John A. Crawford, (original issue) dated January 9, 1863, 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

Pleasant Gillum, commissioned 2d Lieutenant, (original issue), and dated January 9, 1863, 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

Hiram Shone, commissioned Captain, (original issue), and dated January 13, 1863, 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

James M. Williams, commissioned 2d Lieutenant, (original issue), and dated January 13, 1863, 14th Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

By order of the Governor:
JOHN W. FINNELL,
Adjutant General Ky. Vols.
Jan. 20, 1863-1f.

Louisville & Frankfort and Frankfort & Lexington Railroads.

On and after January 20th, trains to Lexington will run as follows: Leave Lexington at 7 o'clock A. M., and 2 o'clock P. M. Leave Frankfort at 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 1/2 o'clock P. M.

SAM'L GILL, Supt.
January 20, 1863. [Yeoman copy 1 week.]

U. S. REVENUE STAMPS.
THE UNDER-SIGNED is now prepared to furnish REVENUE STAMPS of all varieties: BANK CHECK STAMPS, NOTES OR DRAFTS, DEEDS, MORTGAGES, PROBATE OF WILL, POWER OF ATTORNEY, ORIGINAL PROCESS, CERTIFICATES, BONDS, INSURANCE, etc., etc.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

U. S. Revenue Assessor, 1st District Ohio. Office—No. 27, West Third street, Cincinnati. Jan. 14, 1863-2f.

GREAT BARGAIN OFFERED!

THE CURD HOUSE,
LEXINGTON, KY.,
FOR SALE.

THIS well known and popular Hotel will be sold at private sale, for the purpose of changing business. It has always enjoyed a fine run of custom, and has at the present time a splendid business. Competent servants are hired for the year, which the purchaser can have on same terms. This House is in splendid order, being newly furnished, and thoroughly fitted up in every particular. It is situated on Vine street, in close proximity to the Louisville passenger depot, and but one and a half squares from the Court House.

This property will be sold low, and on very reasonable terms. Any one who wants a bargain now is the time. For all information as to price and terms, apply to our address.

R. B. SHELTON,
Curd House, Lexington, Ky.
January 14, 1863.

Frankfort Commonwealth copy to amount of \$5, and charge this office, and send copy to advertiser.—Lex. Obs. & Rep.

Hunters Take Notice!
WE will enforce the law against any person or persons who may be found hunting upon our respective lands. We name: G. W. CHADDOCK, J. SWIGERT, J. HARLAN, E. H. TAYLOR, L. A. THOMAS, JOS. ROBINSON, A. W. CROMWELL, K. C. GAINES.

Nov. 22, 1862-1m&wtv.

SCOTT & DINKELSPIEL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

JOHN L. SCOTT & MAX DINKELSPIEL, (formerly of Louisville), will hereafter practice law in civil cases, as partners, in the Frankfort Circuit and County Courts.

WAR CLAIM AGENCY!! SCOTT & DINKELSPIEL, AGENTS. FRANKFORT, KY.

IN connection with their law business, Scott & Dinkelspiel, of Frankfort, Kentucky, will give prompt attention to the prosecution and recovery of all military claims, either against the State of Kentucky or the United States. They are conversant with all the laws relating to the claims of all persons who entered the army from Kentucky, as the military records showing when such persons entered the service, and other facts, necessary to a recovery of their claims, are kept at Frankfort.

They will also prosecute claims for damage done to the property and slaves of loyal persons by the army; also for property seized or taken by the army; also for pensions and bounty money due to deceased widows or heirs of soldiers, as well as all other claims against the State or Government arising out of, or connected with, the present civil war. If necessary we will see that military claims entrusted to us are properly attended to before the Court of Claims at Washington City.

Nov. 26, 1862.

WEITZEL & BERBERICH, MERCHANT TAILORS.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that they have opened a select stock of goods for Gentlemen's wear, which they will sell low for cash.

They will carry on the Tailoring business in all its branches, and will warrant their work to give satisfaction, both as to its execution and the charges made for it. Terms cash.

Their business room is under Metropolitan Hall, and next door to the Postoffice.

December 5, 1862.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND, NEGROES, STOCK, CROP, &c.

BY virtue of a judgment of the Scott Circuit Court, rendered at the last November Term said Court in the case of Rankins & Co. vs. R. M. Johnson, and the actions undistributed therewith, I will sell at public auction,

On Monday, January 26th, 1863, at the residence of said Johnson in Scott county, on the Frankfort and Georgetown Turnpike, and about six miles from the latter place, all of the

PROPERTY, REAL & PERSONAL, upon which the attachments issued in said suits were levied, viz:

About 1,000 Acres of Land! Which will be sold in three different tracts as follows: All that portion purchased by the said Johnson of R. J. Scott, being 290 ACRES, 1 ROOD AND 24 POLES, will first be sold to pay to the said Scott the sum of \$4,995 with interest thereon from 1st April, 1862, and the costs of suit.

The second tract embraces that portion purchased by said Johnson from B. F. Kenney and contains 154 ACRES AND 1 ROOD, and has a neat residence and improvements thereon. The other is the home tract, the late residence of R. M. Johnson, finely improved, and contains about 450 ACRES. Also, at the same time the following

SLAVES:

2 Negro Men, 35 or 40 years of age;
2 Negro Women, 40 or 50 years of age;
8 Negro Children, from 2 to 16 years of age.

Also—THE STOCK, as follows, in part:
7 Broad Breeds;
2 Work Mules;
8 Yearling, and 7 Weaning Mules;
7 or 8 Young Horses; 7 Colts;
14 Milk Cows;
Some Yearling Heifers and Calves;
2 Member Chief Stallions, one 5, the other 6 years old;
1 Arab Stallion 4 years old;
1 Jennet and Colt;
A few Sheep;
70 or 75 Stock Hogs and Shoats.

Also—THE FARMING UTENSILS AND CROP, consisting in part of:
One 4 horse Wagon; One 2 horse Wagon;
One 6 horse Wagon; Two Horse Carts;
Plows, Gear, &c., &c.;
5 Hay Stacks; 6 Oat Stacks;
About 30 Acres of Corn in the field;
About 30 Acres of Oats in the Barn;
1 Fine Carriage and Harness;
1 Buggy and Harness. Also, the

Household and Kitchen Furniture, of the finest and most splendid character, consisting of Wardrobes, Bureaus, Washstands, Sofas and Chairs, Centre and Dining Tables, Mirrors, Carpets, Bed Room Furniture, Book-Cases, &c., &c. One Fine Piano.

Persons wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to call at the residence of the said Johnson at the Farm Stock or Furniture. Mr. John Glass will be always present and take pleasure in accommodating them.

TERMS OF SALE.—The Land will be sold on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months.—The Slaves on a credit of six months; the personal property on a credit of three months for all sums over \$10, that amount and under cash in hand. In all cases bond with approved security, payable to the undersigned as commissioner, and having the force and effect of a judgment, will be required of the purchasers.

SAM'L W. LONG,
Master Commissioner.
Dec. 31, 1862-1d. [Ch. Obs. & Rep.]

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that JAMES H. SMITH did, on the 11th day of December, 1862, kill and murder Joshua Burdett, in the county of Garrard, has since made his escape, and is now going at large;

Now, therefore, I, JAMES F. ROBINSON, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said James H. Smith to the jailer of Garrard county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this, 26th day of December, A. D. 1862, and in the 71st year of the Commonwealth.

J. F. ROBINSON.
By the Governor:
D. C. WICKLIFFE, Secretary of State.
By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary.

SOMETHING FOR THE TIMES!!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

JOHNS & CROSLY'S

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE.

THE STRONGEST GLUE IN THE WORLD.
THE CHEAPEST GLUE IN THE WORLD.
THE MOST DURABLE GLUE IN THE WORLD.
THE ONLY RELIABLE GLUE IN THE WORLD.
THE BEST GLUE IN THE WORLD.

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE

Is the only article of the kind ever produced which

WILL WITHSTAND WATER.

IT WILL MEND WOOD,

Save your broken Furniture.

IT WILL MEND LEATHER,

Mend your Harness, Straps, Belts, Boots, &c.

IT WILL MEND GLASS,

Save the pieces of that expensive Cut Glass Bottle.

IT WILL MEND IVORY,

Don't throw away that broken Ivory Fan, it is easily repaired.

IT WILL MEND CHINA,

Your broken China Cups and Saucers can be made as good as new.

IT WILL MEND MARBLE,

That piece knocked out of your Marble Mantle can be put on as strong as ever.

IT WILL MEND PORCELAIN,

No matter if that broken Pitcher did not cost but a shilling; a shilling saved is a shilling earned.

IT WILL MEND ALABASTER,

That costly Alabaster Vase is broken and you can't match it; mend it; it will never show when put together.

It will Mend Bone, Coral, Lava, and in fact everything but Metals.

Any article cemented with AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE will not show where it is mended.

EXTRACTS.

"Every housekeeper should have a supply of Johns & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—N. Y. Times.

"It is so convenient to have in the house."—N. Y. Express.

"It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—Independent.

"We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

\$10 per year saved in every family by One Bottle

of

AMERICAN CEMENT GLUE!

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

Very Liberal Reduction to Wholesale

Buyers.

TERMS CASH.

For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers

generally throughout the country.

JOHNS & CROSLY,

(Sole Manufacturers),

78 WILLIAM STREET,

Corner of Liberty Street. NEW YORK.

Important to House Owners.

Important to Builders.

Important to Railroad Companies.

Important to Farmers.

To all whom this may concern, and it concerns everybody.

JOHNS & CROSLY'S

IMPROVED GUTTA PERCHA

CEMENT ROOFING,

The Cheapest and most Durable Roofing in use.

IT IS FIRE AND WATER PROOF.

It can be applied to NEW and OLD ROOFS of ALL

KINDS, steep or flat, and to SPRING ROOFS without

removing the Shingles.

The Cost is only about One-third that of

Tin, and it is Twice as Durable.

This article has been thoroughly tested in New

York City and all parts of the United States, Canada,

West Indies and Central and South America, on

buildings of all kinds, such as FACTORIES,

BOARDS, CHURCHES, RAILROAD DEPOTS,

CARS, and on PUBLIC BUILDINGS generally.

GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, &c., by the principal

BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS and others, during the past

four years, and has proved to be the CHEAPEST and

MOST DURABLE ROOFING in use; it is

in every respect A FIRE, WATER, WEATHER

and TIME PROOF covering for ROOFS of ALL

KINDS.

This is the ONLY material manufactured in the

United States which combines the very desirable

properties of Elasticity and Durability, which are

universally acknowledged to be possessed by

GUTTA PERCHA AND INDIA RUBBER.

No Heat is required in making Application.

The expense of applying it is trifling, as an ordi-

nary Roof can be covered and finished the same

day.

IT CAN BE APPLIED BY ANY ONE,

and when finished forms a perfectly FIRE PROOF

surface, with an elastic body, which cannot be in-

jured by Heat, Cold or Storms. SPRINKLING OF

ROOF BOARDS, nor any external action whatever.

Liquid Gutta Percha Cement,

For Coating Metals of all kinds when exposed to

ments with responsible parties who would like to

establish themselves in a lucrative and permanent

business.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH.

We can give abundant proof of all we claim in

favor of our improved Roofing Materials, having

applied them to several thousand Roofs in New

York City and vicinity.

JOHNS & CROSLY,

Sole Manufacturers,

Wholesale Warehouse, 78 William Street,

Corner of Liberty Street, NEW YORK.

Full descriptive Circulars and Prices will be fur-

nished on application.

Oct. 16, 1861-ly.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that we will rigidly

enforce the law against all persons who tres-

pass on our lands by passing through the same,

leaving down our fences, pillaging our crops and

fruit, cutting trees or hunting and fishing on our

farms.

R. C. LLOYD, JR.,

EMILY SCAERCE,

THOS. S. PAGE.

Franklin county, August 13, 1860.

THE GREAT FIRE AT TROY, N. Y.

The Phoenix of Hartford.

[Extracts from letters from S. L. Loomis, Esq.,

President of the Phoenix Insurance Company, of

Hartford, Conn., to R. H. & H. M. Magill, Gen-

eral Agents, relative to the late serious conflagra-

tion at Troy.]

PHOENIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

Hartford, Conn., May 12, 1862.

"A big fire at Troy—we are in-

how much we don't know. May be \$200,000; but

whatever it is, it will be paid as fast as ad-

justed, and no crying. Secretary Kellogg went

up there this morning. Mr. Wallace (Adjuster)

will meet him there to-morrow. They will make

short work of it. The fire swept off about fifty

acres of buildings—a sad calamity to Troy, but no

human forecast could have prevented. It is the

first emergency we ever had, and such an one as

gives more character to a Company than a hun-

dered \$5,000 licks."

HARTFORD, May 13, 1862.

"Our losses may reach \$15,000 or

\$20,000, but whatever they are, they will all be

paid before SATURDAY NIGHT IF THEY CAN be

adjusted. It is such a relief to try the backbone

of Companies, and if they can stand up under the

heavy load, it will give them great credit."

S. L. LOOMIS, President.

H. WINGATE, Agent,

June 4, 1862. Frankfort, Ky.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

WAS committed to the jail of Anderson coun-

ty, on the 13th inst., as a runaway slave, a

NEGRO MAN, who calls himself J. Owsley,

and says that he belongs to the heirs of Samuel

Owsley, deceased, of Lincoln county, Ky. Said

negro man is about 36 or 37 years of age; 5 feet

10 or 11 inches high; black complexion, with

whiskers; slender make, and will weigh about

one hundred and sixty pounds. Said negro says

that he has been hired to Charles Marshall, of

Henry county, Ky. He was arrested in Ande-

erson county, Ky., and the owner of said slave is

hereby notified to come forward, prove his right

to said slave, pay the fees and expenses, and take

him away. WILLIAM SUTTON, J. A. C.

Lawrenceburg, Sept. 25-11.

NEW REMEDIES FOR

SPERMATORRHOEA.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, A.

A Benevolent Institution established by special in-

strument, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed,

afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and

especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Or-

gans.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Act-

ing Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and

other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the

NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary,

sent, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.

Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,

Howard Association, No. 2, S. Ninth St.,

July 26, 1861-wly. Philadelphia, Pa.

GEO. F. WORTHINGTON,

Agent for Military Claims,

Corner of F and Thirteenth Streets,

DOCKET

OF THE

COURT OF APPEALS;

WINTER TERM, 1862-3.

FIRST DAY—December 1st.

Commonwealth vs. Turner.

Same vs. Ballington et al. Metcalfe.

Same vs. Elliston. Kenton.

Louisville City vs. Commonwealth. Franklin.

Chandler vs. Same. Muhlenberg.

SECOND DAY—December 2d.

Cookrell et al. vs. Crutcher's ad'r. Barren.

Chiles et al. vs. Monroes. Franklin.

Gardner, by guardian, vs. Evans. Fulton.

Stephens vs. Winston. " "

Davidson et al. vs. Howell. " "

Sloan vs. Clark. " "

THIRD DAY—December 3d.

Tomlinson vs. Tomlinson. Hickman.

Byassee vs. Reese. " "

Mountjoy's ad'r. vs. Pearce, No. 1. " "

Same vs. Same, No. 2. " "

Jarvis & Co. vs. Robinson. " "

Mercer vs. Caldwell. Ballard.

FOURTH DAY—December 4th.

Calhoun vs. Cobb. McCracken.

Dishman et al. vs. Short. " "

Thompson & Wallace vs. Jarrett. " "

Short vs. Short. Marshall.

Hardy vs. Harrell. Calloway.

Curd's ex'r. vs. Nuckolls. " "

FIFTH DAY—December 5th.

Williams vs. Farris et al., by

guardian. Calloway.

Cooper vs. Wilson. Graves.

Pea vs. Minter. " "

Ross et al. vs. Wolfe & Bro. " "

Bradley vs. Hutchinson. " "

SIXTH DAY—December 6th.

Green vs. Carson et al. Livingston.

Alsbrook et al. vs. Ramey. " "

Green vs. Kidd. " "

Huskins, adm'r. vs. Burke et al. " "

Jenkins et al. vs. Wilson. Crittenden.

Wheeler vs. Carnahan. " "

SEVENTH DAY—December 8th.

Calvert vs. Miller. Caldwell.

Same vs. Princeton College. " "

Petrie et al. vs. Kenner. Christian.

Henderson, and Nashville Rail-

road Company vs. Rogers. " "

Ridford vs. Chamberlain et al. " "

Murray vs. Montgomery. " "

Stites vs. Wheeler. " "

EIGHTH DAY—December 9th.

Stagner vs. Maret. Garrard.

Maret vs. Stagner. " "

Clarke vs. Brashear et al. Todd.

Bibb vs. Tomberlin et al. " "

Henderson and Nashville Rail-

road Co. vs. Hollingsworth. " "

Bevens vs. Holsley. " "

NINTH DAY—December 10th.

Duncan vs. Wickliffe, guardian

for, &c. Muhlenberg.

Moore vs. Bridges. " "

Rust et al. vs. Campbell. " "

Trice vs. Russell. Hopkins.

Letcher vs. Ingram. Henderson.

Burbank vs. Barrett et al. " "

TENTH DAY—December 11th.

Jennings vs. Monks, ex'r. and

devi es. Hancock.

Sondt et al. vs. Rosenberg. Davies.

Small et al., who sue, vs. Mad-

dox. " "

Bainbridge et al. vs. Parks. " "

Tridings vs. Moore. " "

Trustees of Owensboro' vs. Mor-

ris. " "

ELEVENTH DAY—December 12th.

Bartley et al. vs. McKemion's

ad'm'r. Davies.

Burks vs. Claybrook. " "

McKinney vs. Daniel. " "

Beckley et al. vs. Davidson et al. " "

Merckor vs. Turpin. Breckinridge.

Kerckendoll's ad'm'r. vs. Dean. " "

TWELFTH DAY—December 13th.

Stinson's ex'r. vs. Grubb's ad'm'r

et al. Grayson.

Watson vs. Huber & Jones. " "

Alderman et al. vs. Grigg. " "

Beeler et al. vs. Wright et al. " "

Chester et al. vs. Brown. " "

Wheat, Baker & Co. vs. Richards. Adair.

Beard et al. vs. Winston. " "

Royce vs. Carter et al. " "

TWENTY-THIRD DAY—December 27th.

Whitehead vs. Newell's ad'm'r. Franklin.

Wagoner vs. Munsell et al. " "

Ag. Bank vs. Harp. " "

Sevall et al. vs. Hitt's ad'm'r. Carroll.

Dean et al. vs. Garnett. " "

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY—December 28th.